

**The Current
Astrophysical and
Experimental Picture of
Dark Matter**

Paolo Gondolo

The Case



The “best” matter density

WMAP (Bennett et al., 2003)

$$\Omega_m h^2 = 0.135^{+0.008}_{-0.009}$$

of which

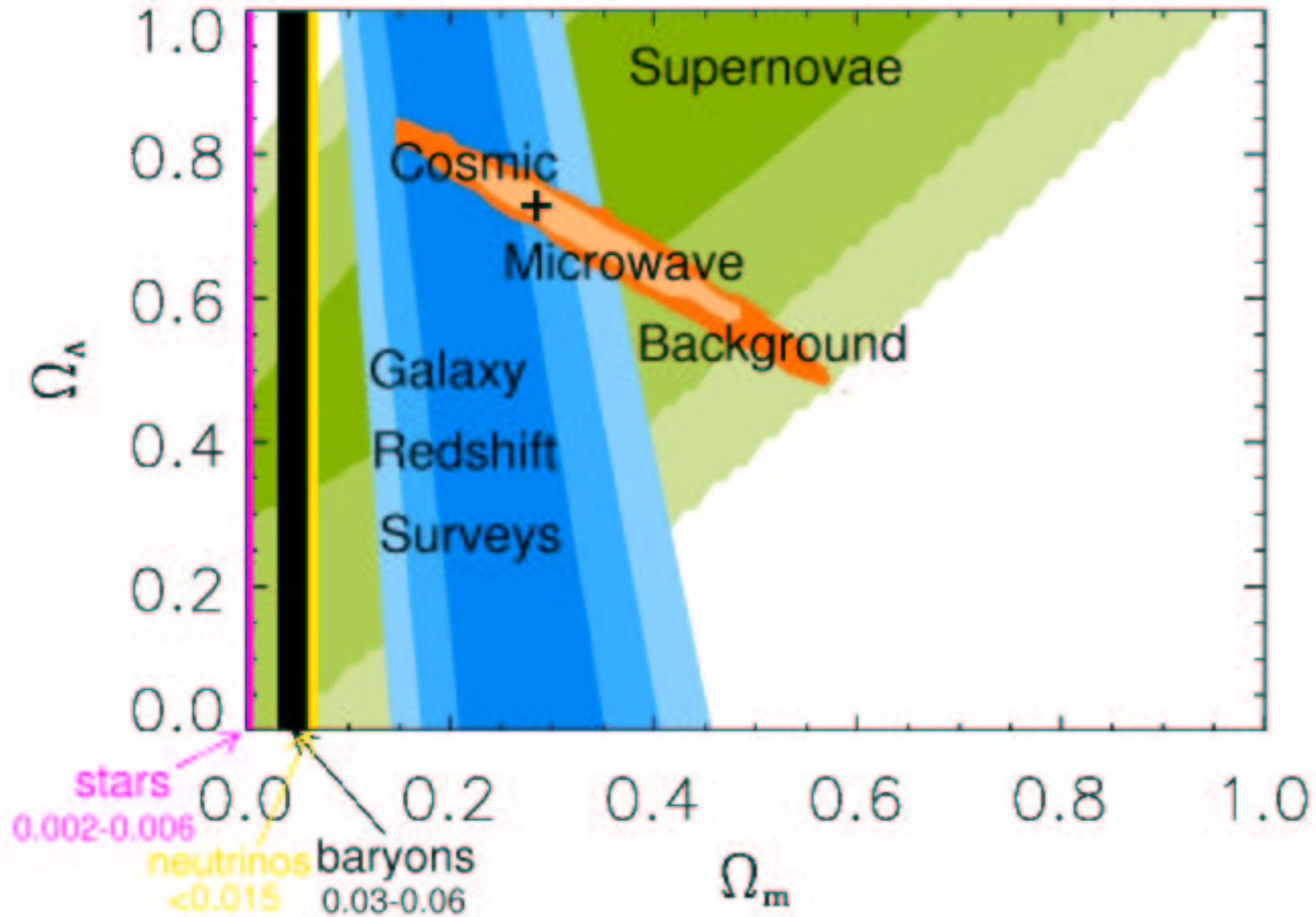
$$\Omega_\nu h^2 < 0.0076 \text{ (95\%CL)}$$

$$\Omega_b h^2 = 0.0224 \pm 0.0009$$

$$\Omega_{\text{CDM}} h^2 = 0.113^{+0.008}_{-0.009}$$

(Units are $1.879 \times 10^{-29} \text{ g/cm}^3$)

The concordance cosmology



Adapted from L. Verde

The dark matter problems

- **Missing baryons at low redshift**
- **Non-baryonic dark matter**

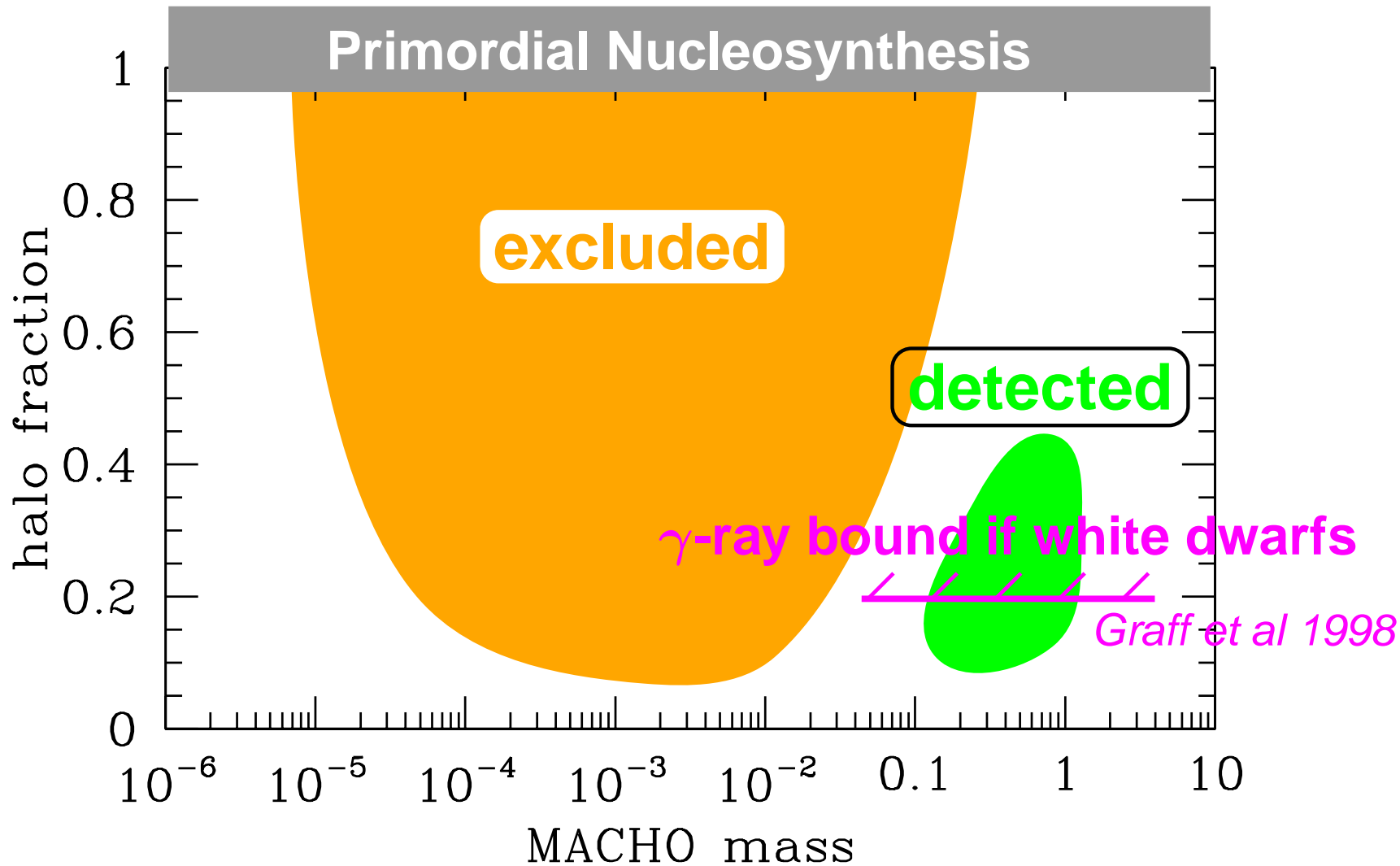
Suspects



Suspect #1: MACHOs

Massive Compact Halo Objects

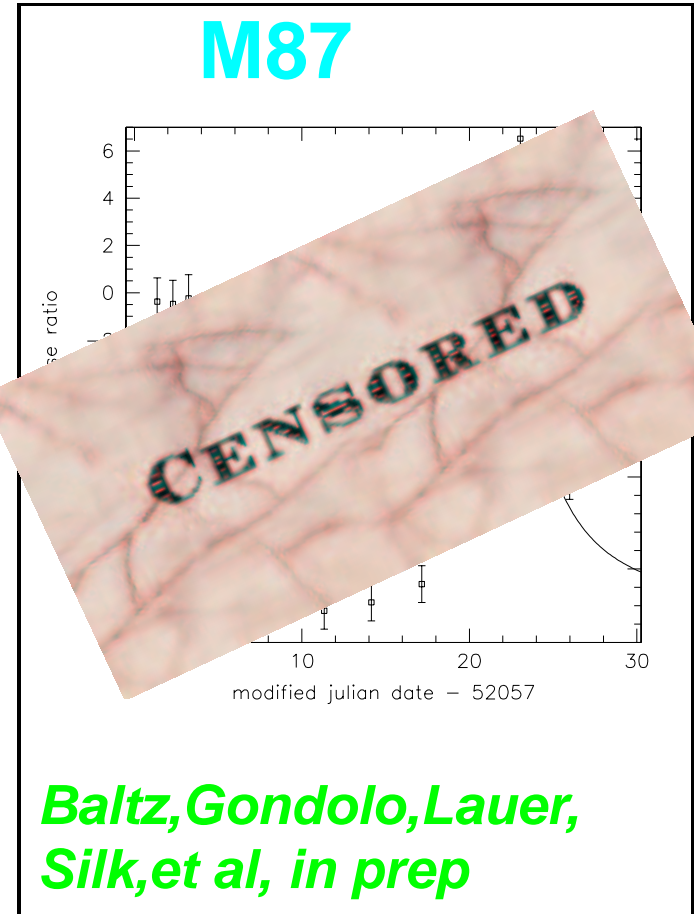
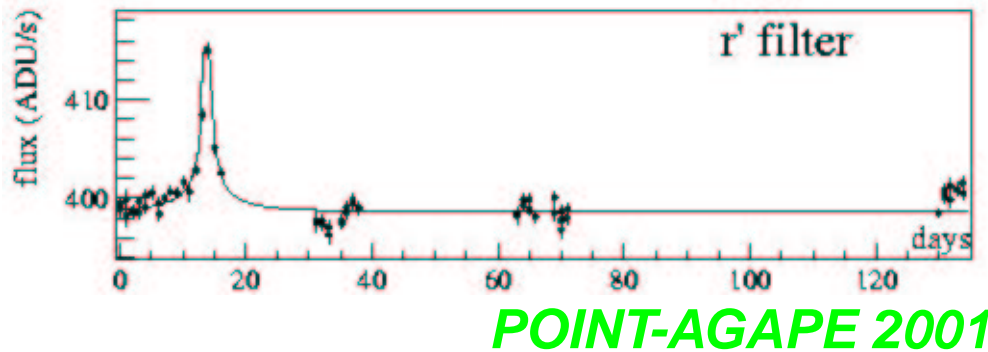
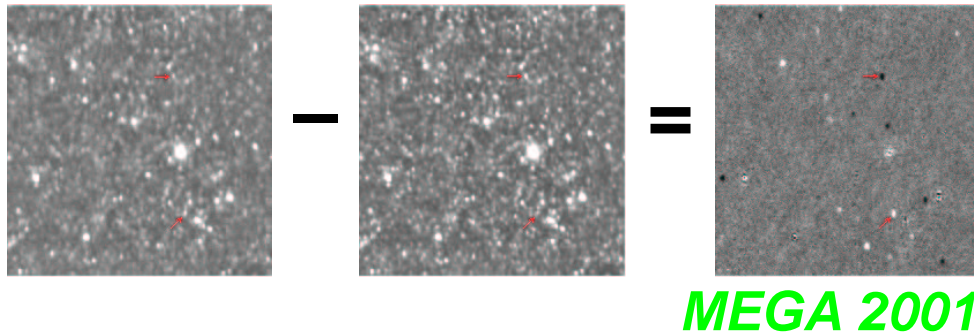
MACHOs!



MACHO & EROS 1996-2000

“Pixel” microlensing

monitor unresolved stars in M31, M87, ...



Suspect #2: neutrinos

Neutrinos as dark matter

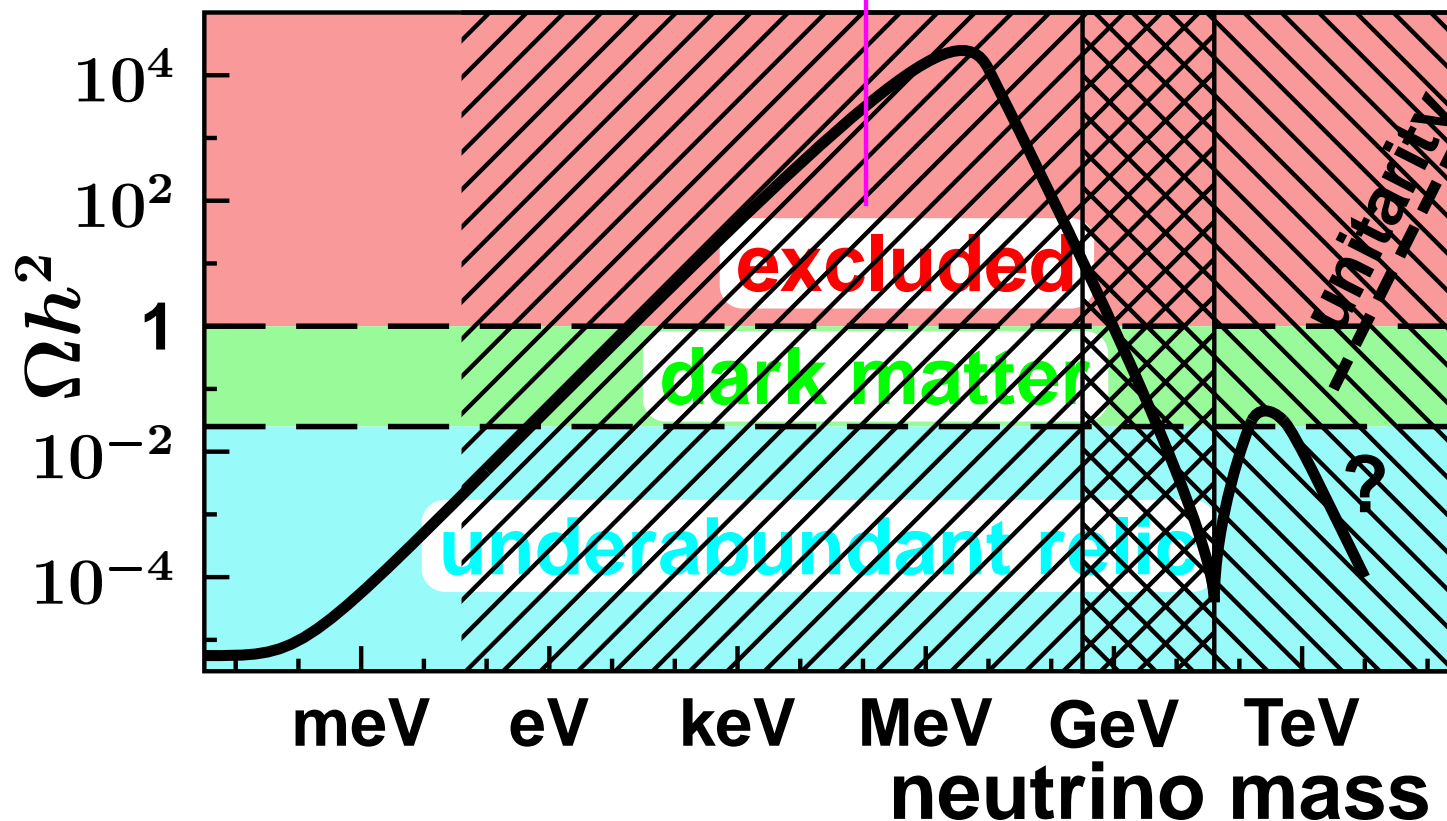
Hot Dark Matter

~~Cold Dark Matter~~

SuperK

LEP

DM searches



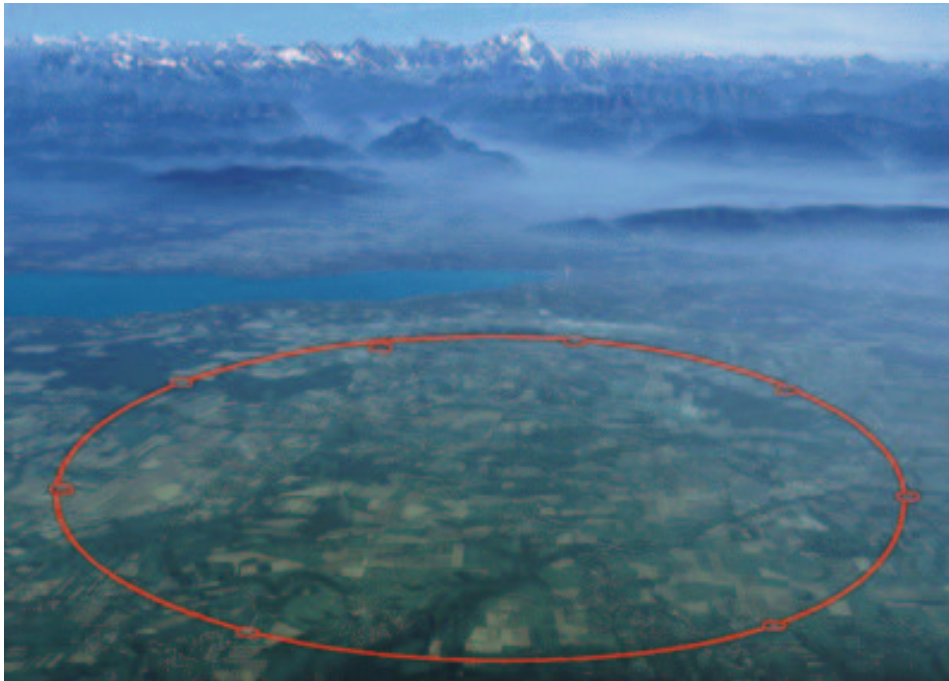
Suspect #3: WIMPs

**Weakly Interacting Massive
Particles**

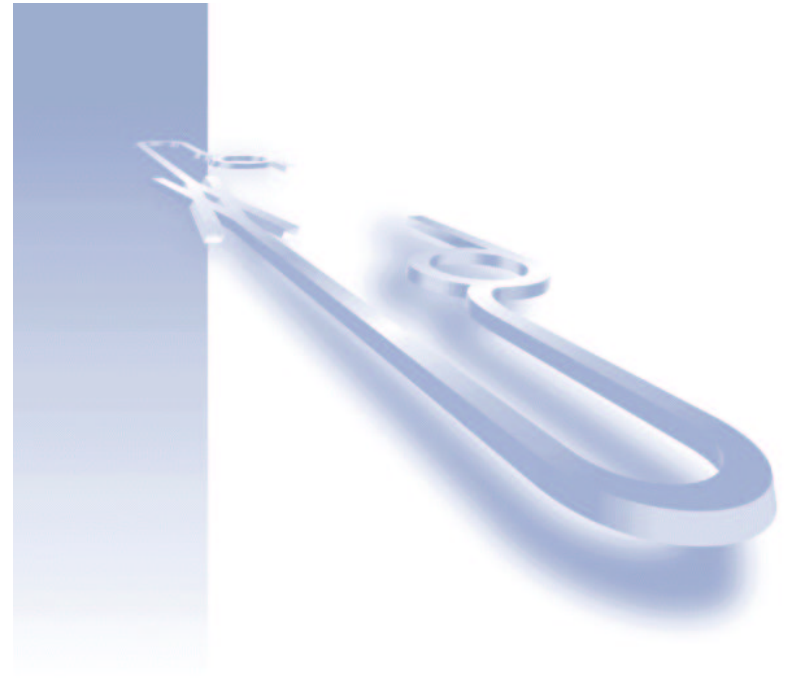
Supersymmetry

- Unification of fundamental forces
- Stabilization of scalar masses

slepton	↔	lepton
squark	↔	quark
gaugino	↔	gauge boson
higgsino	↔	Higgs boson



Large Hadron Collider

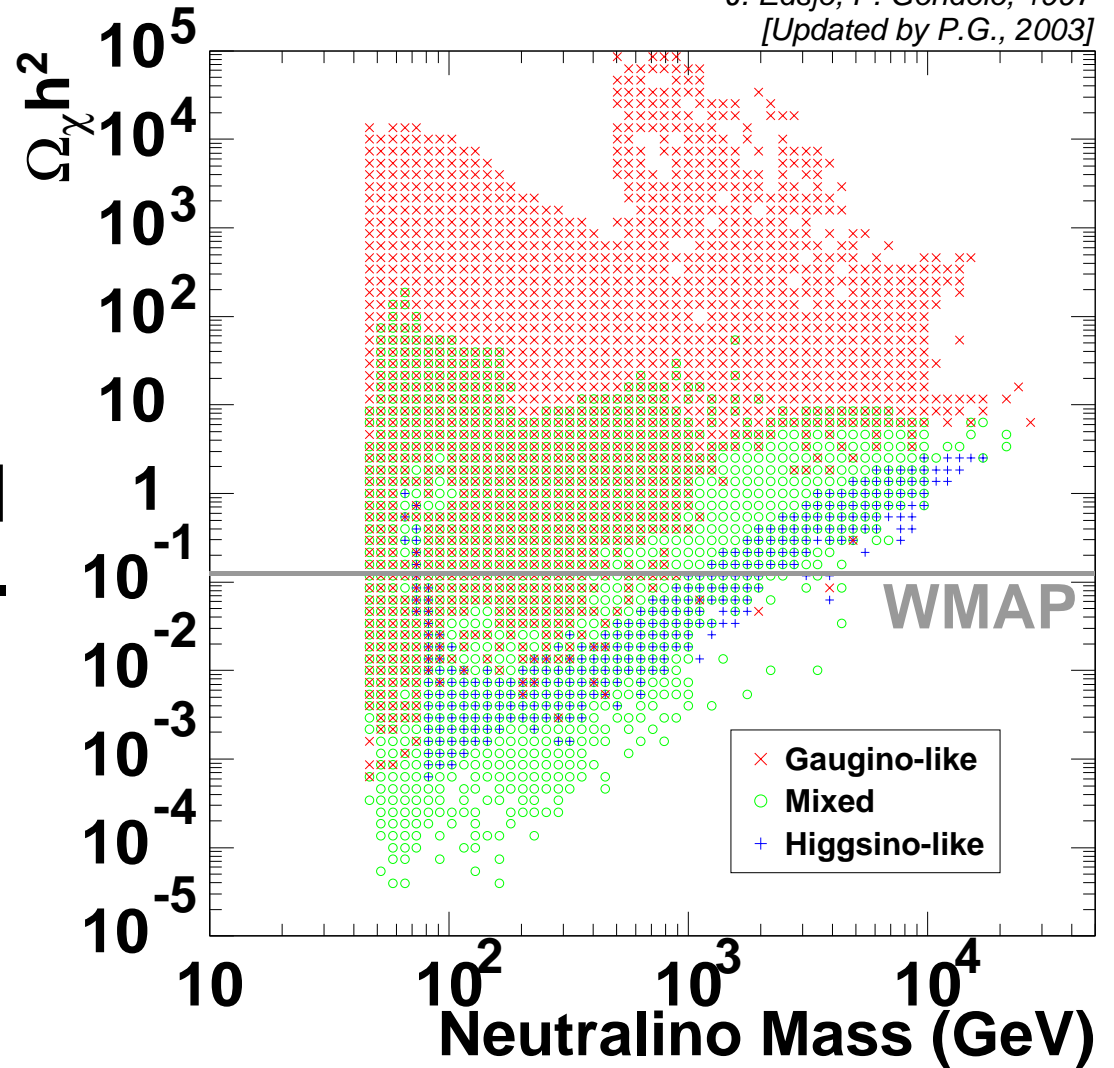


Next Linear Collider

Supersymmetric dark matter

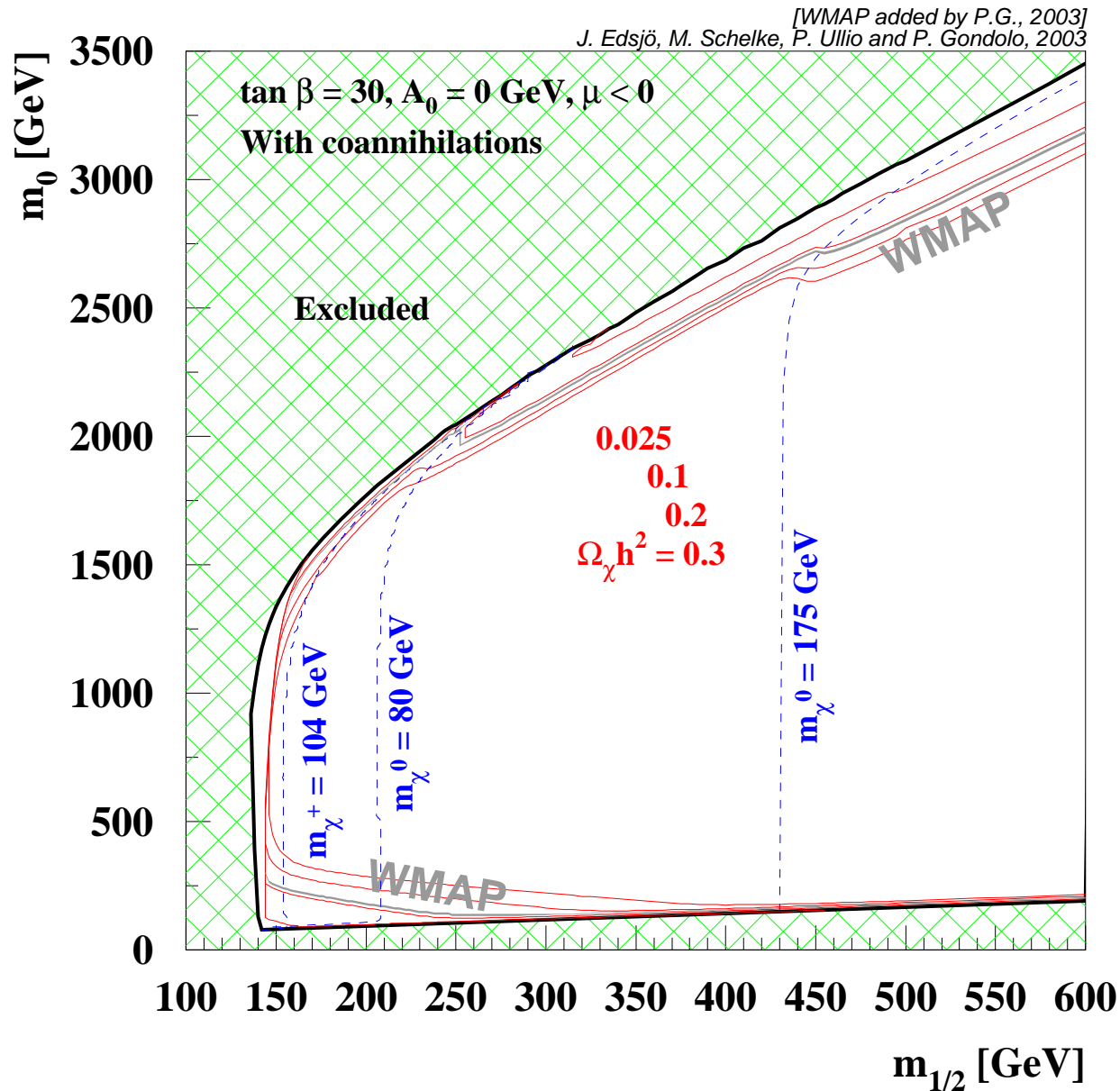
J. Edsjö, P. Gondolo, 1997
[Updated by P.G., 2003]

The lightest supersymmetric particle is a good dark matter candidate



Updated from Edsjö, Gondolo 1997

Some results in mSUGRA



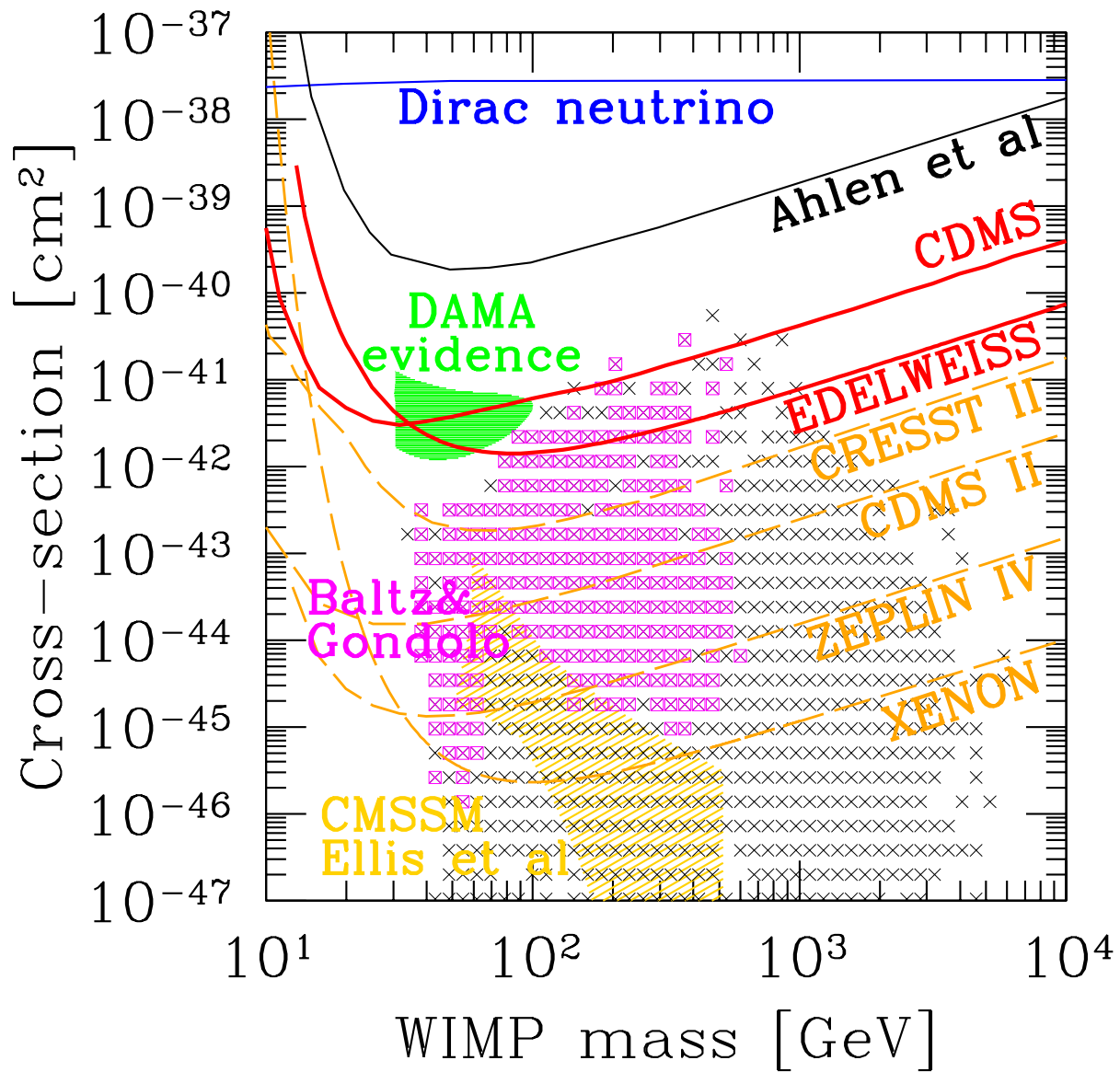
Cosmology and mSUGRA

- **Cosmological data on $\Omega_\chi h^2$:** **7%**
WMAP first year data: $\Omega_{\text{CDM}} h^2 = 0.113_{-0.009}^{+0.008}$
- **Neutralino annihilation chain:** **1%**
Edsjö, Schelke, Ullio, Gondolo, 2003
- **Masses from GUT parameters:** **50%**
See Allanach, Kraml, Porod, 2003

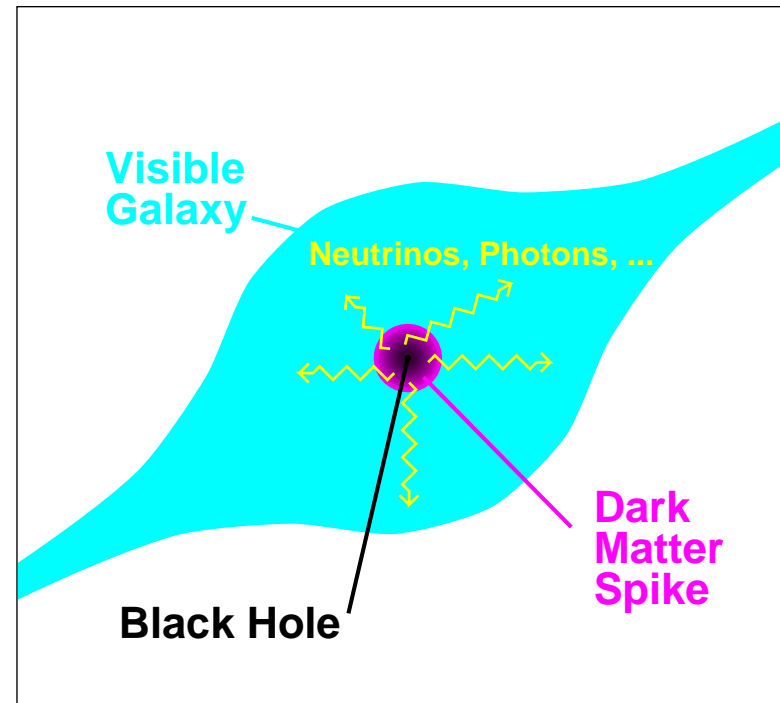
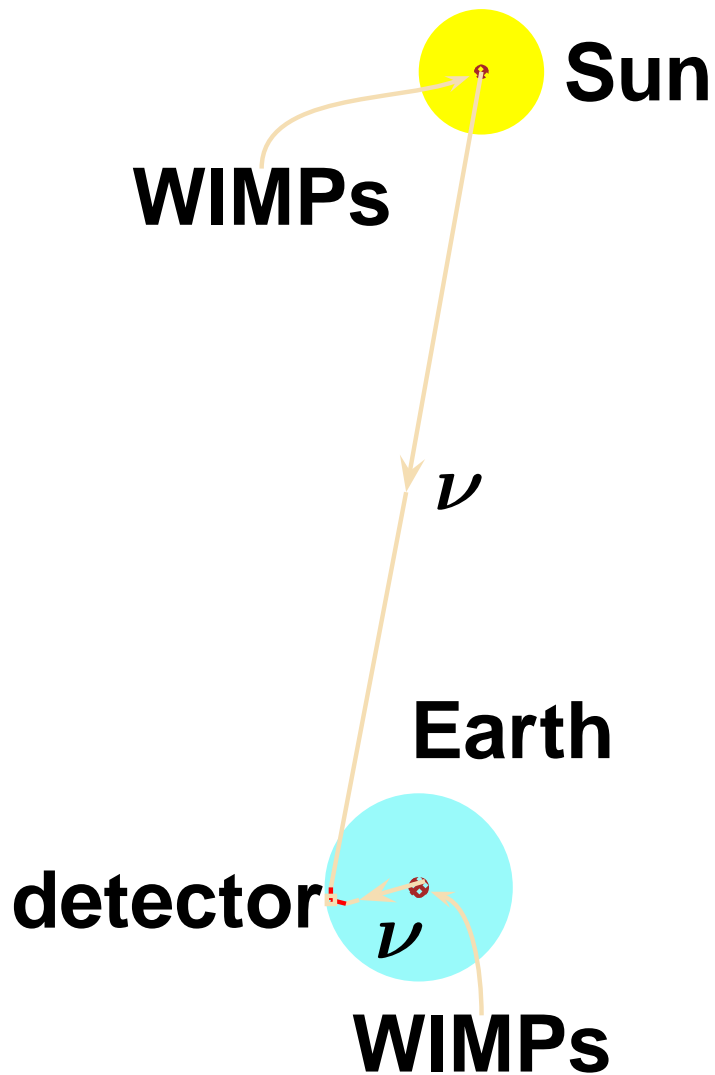
Searching for dark WIMPs

- **direct detection**
- **neutrinos from Sun/Earth**
- **anomalous cosmic rays from galactic halo**
- **neutrinos, gamma-rays, radio waves from galactic center**

WIMP direct searches



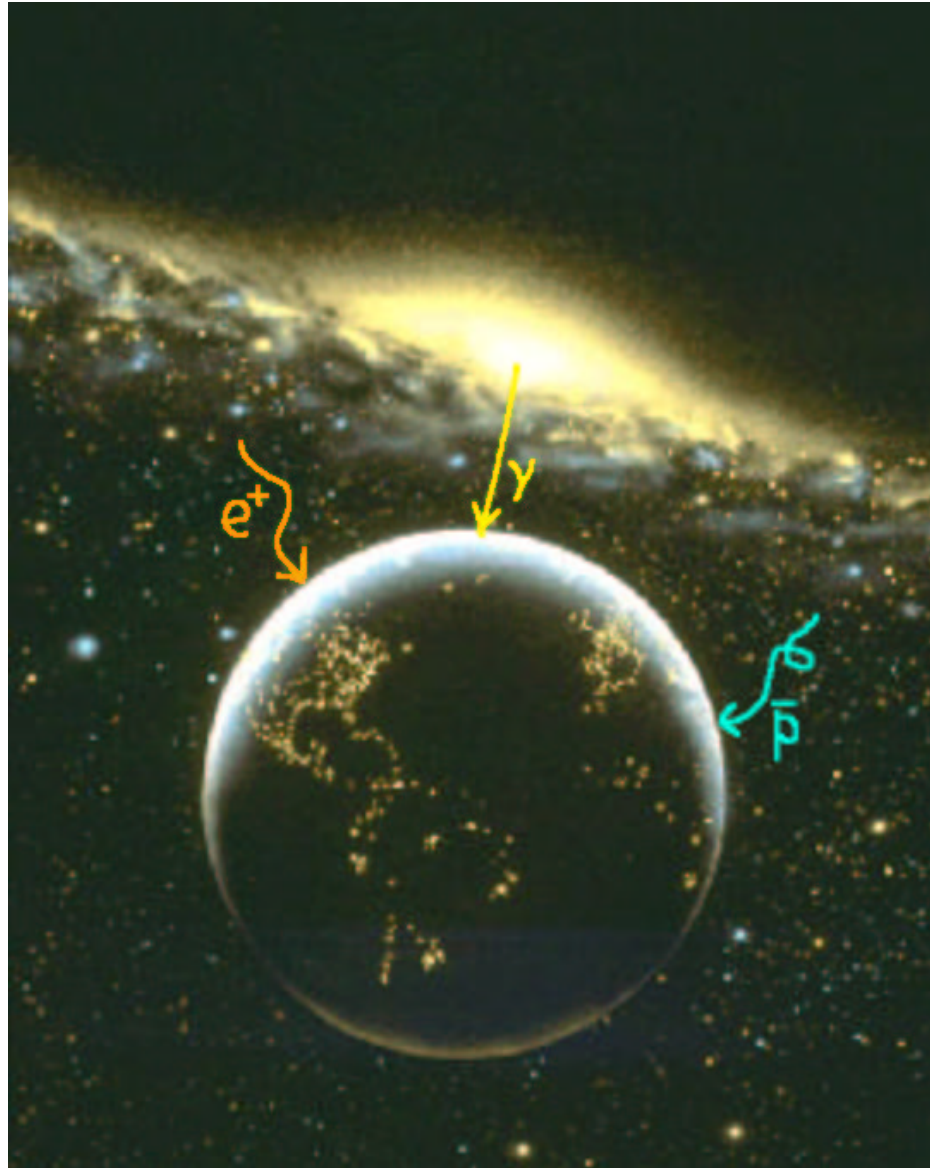
Neutrinos from dark matter



Gondolo, Silk 1999, Gondolo 2000

**SuperK, AMANDA,
Antares, IceCube, ...**

Cosmic rays from dark matter

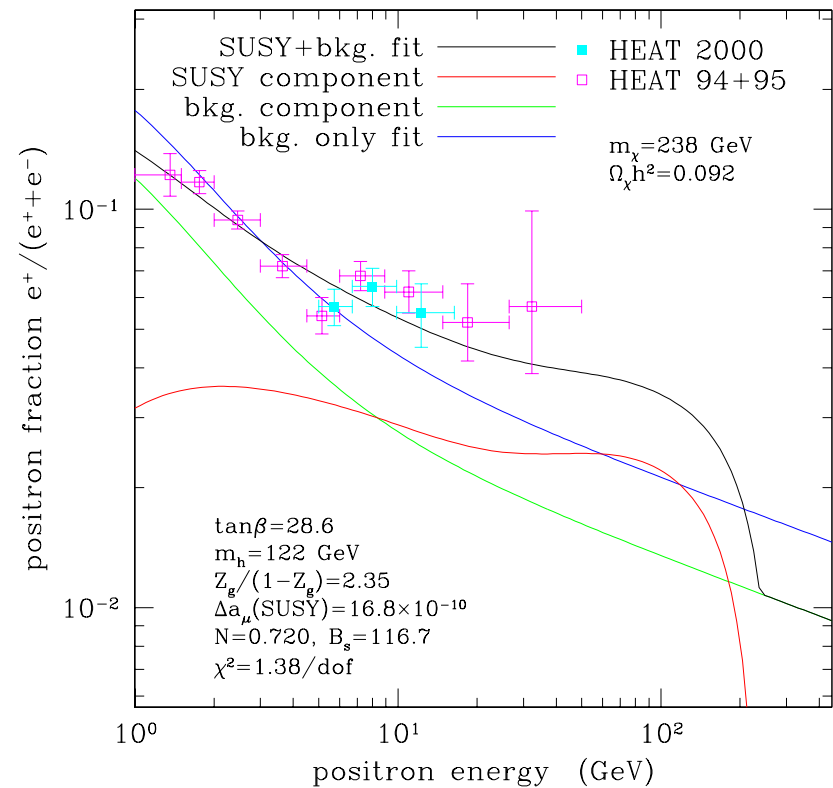
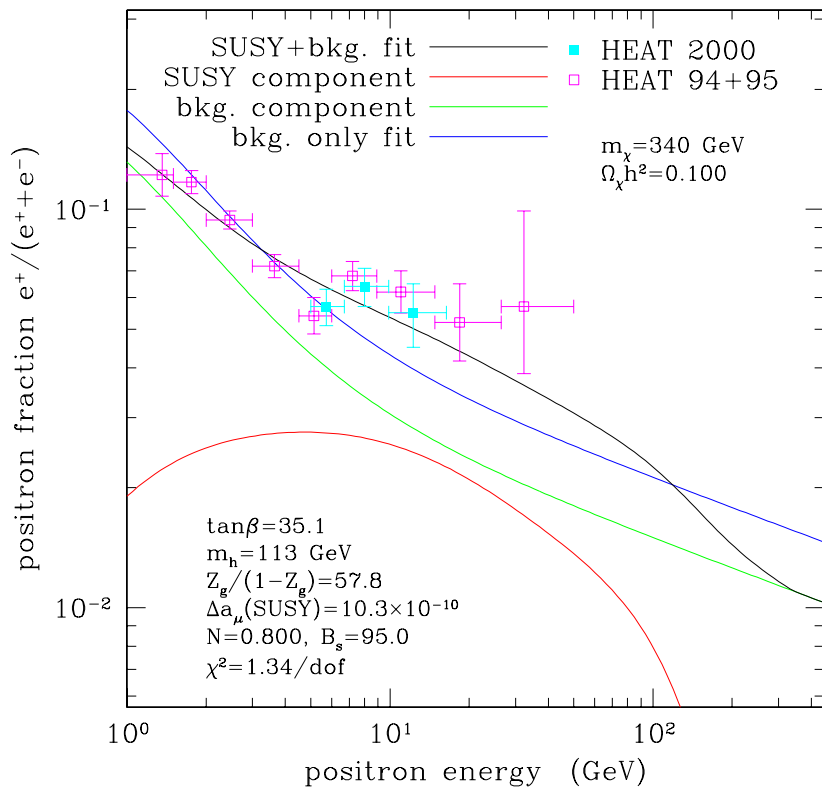


Background by J. Lomberg 1989

Positron excess

HEAT balloon finds anomaly in cosmic ray flux

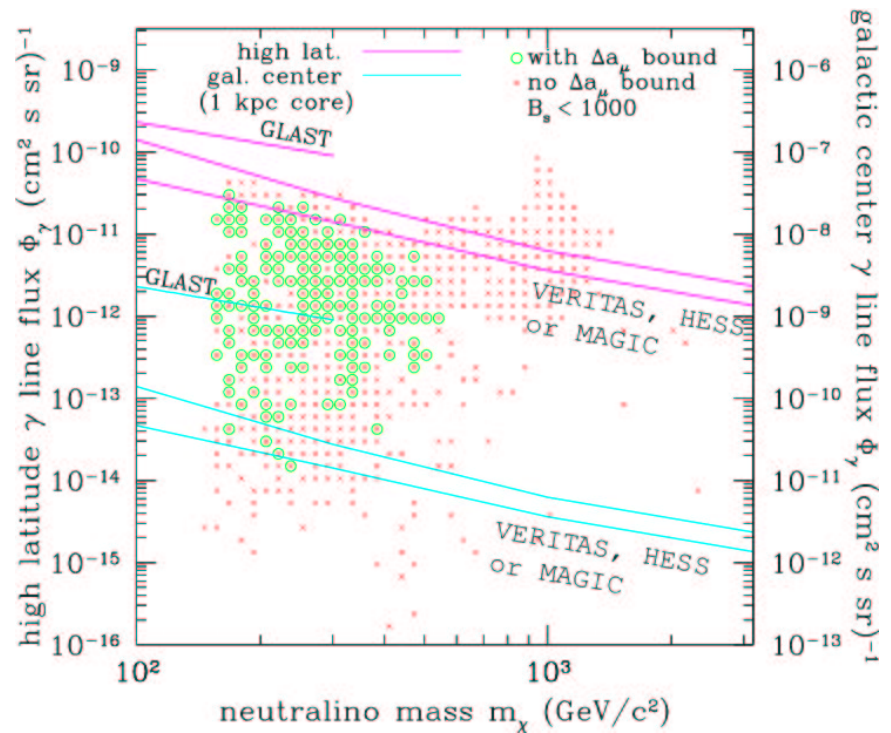
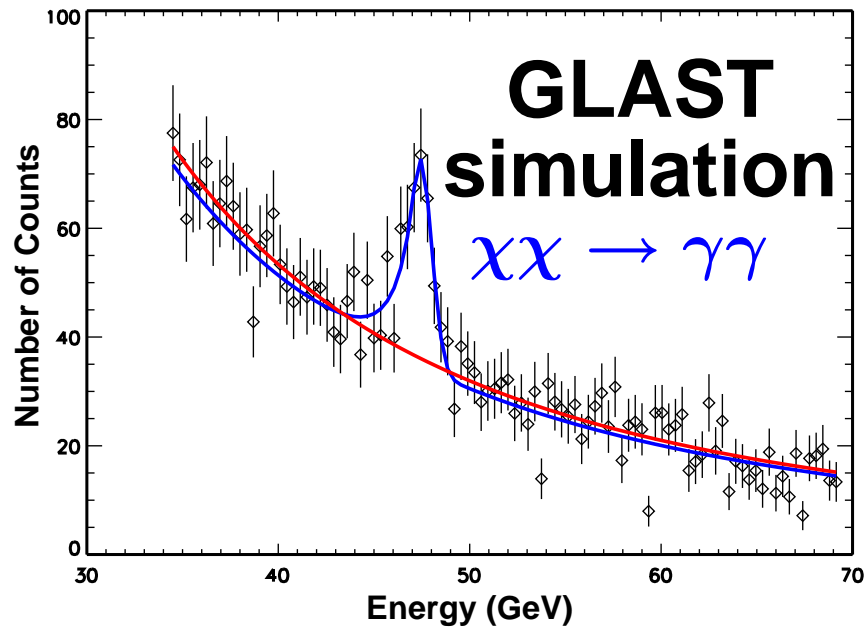
Possible explanation: supersymmetry in the galaxy



Baltz, Edsjö, Freese, Gondolo 2001

Positron excess

Future test of WIMP explanation:
Gamma-rays from galactic halo



Baltz, Edsjö, Freese, Gondolo 2001

Other suspects:

Missing baryons:

**black holes,
cold-warm gas,**

...

Non-baryonic:

**axions,
WIMPZILLAs,
Kaluza-Klein particles,**

...

Summary

Baryonic and non-baryonic dark matter

In search of the missing baryons

In search of non-baryonic dark matter

Dark Matter Mystery Solved

